

PASSREG: THE STORY SO FAR Highlights from the Aspiring Regions

19th International Passive House Conference Leipzig, 18.04.2015 Urban district planning based on PH standard as a result of dedicated local policy





Nieuw Zuid_simulatie: atelier Kempe thill 1



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Urban district planning based on PH standard as a result of dedicated local policy





Nieuw Zuid_simulatie: atelier Kempe thill 3



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Urban district planning based on PH standard as a result of dedicated local policy





Sociale woningen Nieuw Zuid_simulatie: BOB361 Windows Photo Viewer



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Creative funding without subsidies



- In UK (and Wales) there are no financial incentives or subsidies to specifically promote Passivhaus buildings
- Available schemes have very narrow focus:
 - Feed in tariff (FIT) for electricity producing RES
 - Renewable heat incentive (RHI) for heat RES
 - Green Deal loans for refurbishment loan for energy measures paid back through energy bills
 - Nest & Arbed subsidy (Wales only) to lowest income areas for refurbishment to 'good' standard (not as high as Passivhaus or EnerPHit)







Creative funding without subsidies



- 2 examples from Wales Beacon Regions
- Both Local Authorities wanting to trial Passivhaus as the solution for future NZEB requirements...
- ...but do not have extra capital budget to cover increased cost to build to Passivhaus standard
- Passivhaus School (Carmarthenshire Council)
 → Lifecycle costs to justify construction
- Passivhaus Housing (~30 units) (Cardiff Council)
 Accept reduced land value to cover increased capital cost of Passivhaus





Lifecycle costs to justify higher capital



- Within Local Authority, department with capital budget different to department with operating budget
- By demonstrating ongoing operating budget would be much reduced by Passivhaus standard, able to put case for transfer of budget from operating to capital
- Overall 'lifecycle' cost less than school built to Regulations
- Enabled by Trust: examples of recent PH schools in England and reported costs helped make case
- Evidence of realistic performance key!







Reduce land value to cover higher capital



- Cardiff Council effectively 'selling' their land to a partner Developer, with conditions on the sale for construction
- Wanted to make them build the site to Passivhaus but knew likely to cost more and had no capital to offer
- Balance of risk: Agreed to accept a lower value (than market price) on their land if Developer could not recover costs when sold – effectively creating a subsidy and reducing risk
- If houses sell for more, both parties take share of profit
- Longer term, hoped 'EPC related mortgage' would cover capital cost uplift for private sale





The Climate Change Financial Instrument used for PHs support



Aim of CCFI is to prevent global climate change, adaptation to the effects of climate change and contribute the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions

The financing of the Tenders was formed by the Proceeds from the Assigned Amount Units (AAU) Purchase Agreements which were made within the international emissions trading under the Kyoto Protocol

Latvian Environmental Investment Fund provided supervision of implementation and post-implementation monitoring of projects co-financed by CCFI – National Implementing Agency (CCFI co-financing – 200 million EUR)





Tender – Low energy buildings



Objective: reduction of CO_2 emissions by performing construction of low energy consumption buildings, as well as refurbishment or simplified renovation of existing buildings.

Tender call was announced - January 20, 2011.

Project implementation period - November 1, 2012 (November 1, 2013). The heat consumption for space heating not exceeding 35 kWh/m² per year.

Support intensity:

- up to 80% for direct or indirect administrative institutions and municipalities;
- up to 65% for micro and small enterprises and natural entities;
- up to 55% for medium-sized enterprises.









Initial plan and results for space heating demand



	Submitted (corresponding) projects		Approved projects		Implemented projects	
	No	%	No	%	No	%
≤ 15 kWh/m2	25	36%	25	81%	14	100%
≤ 25 kWh/m2	22	31%	6	19%	0	0%
≤ 35 kWh/m2	23	33%	0	0%	0	0%



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Open Tender "Complex Solutions for Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction in State and Municipal Vocational Education Establishment Buildings"

Objective: reduction of CO2 emissions, by reducing consumption of heating energy and electricity for lighting in the buildings of vocational education establishments founded by State and municipalities of the Republic of Latvia (hereinafter – State and municipal vocational education establishments).

Total CCFI financing: EUR 16 989 000

Beneficiary: State or municipal vocational education establishment.
Support intensity: up to 85% of the total eligible costs of the project.







Possible next support programs – Emission quota auctioning tool



EQAT goal: Contribute to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions (e.g., implementing activities to improve the energy performance of buildings in both public and private sector)

•Low-energy buildings (the draft regulation is now in the development stage)

•Energy efficient refurbishments of historical buildings (the draft regulation is now in the development stage)









Situation in Cesena at 1st May 2012 (PassREg starting date)

1 project with no willing of PH certification
•no spread knowledge in Cesena about PH
•no certified PH designers or tradespersons
•no events or dissemination about PH concepts
•no awareness between politicians and civil servants about PH concepts





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Starting point



Results



Situation in Cesena today (after 36 months of PassREg)

- 1 project will be realized and certified
- 1 new project is now in construction phase and will be certified by Zephir
- a common knowledge in Cesena about PH has been built
- 20 people attended the Train the Trainer course
- 3 certified PH designers (1 is a civil servant)
- 14 certified PH tradespersons (3 are civil servants) –
- 3 Passive House Days organized
- 3 Info sessions organized more than 300 people involved
- 2 Regional Building Forums organized
- secondary schools education laboratories about user behaviors
- communication campaign (pamphlets, poster, brochures, website, SoS)





37 people trained

Results



Long-term city planning

- SEAP Sustainable Energy Action Plan: approved 2 years ago, now in the implementation and monitoring phase
- PSC Municipal Structural Plan:

in phase of development, through participated process and competitions of ideas

3 priorities:

Reduction in the use of ground Sustainable building and energy saving Social Housing







Results



Involvement of stakeholders

network of stakeholders established (beacon architects, public bodies, university, PH certifiers, construction companies, etc...)
visits to PH with politicians, schools, civil servants and citizens
politicians and civil servants involved in PH events (even as speakers)
urban regeneration protocol to promote NZEB signed
new collaboration and PH projects born







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Our beacon first private zero energy dwelling in the Netherlands

De nieuwe aanpak in de bouw

17 april 2015







end-use Efficiency Research Group Gruppo di ricerca sull'efficienza negli usi finali dell'energia



Monitoring of beacons and quality assurance

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End-use Efficiency Research Group • www.eerg.it



Leipzig 18.4.15

Monitoring of beacon in Mascalucia (Sicily)



- Zero energy building
- Passive House certified
- Real scale/use test building
- Mediterranean climate
- Test-building in IEA-annex
 62 (ventilative cooling)



design team:

Ing. Carmelo Sapienza - www.sapienzaepartners.it
energy simulations, design optimization, monitoring:
eERG Group, Politecnico di Milano - www.eerg.it
technological partners:
Rockwool, Siemens, PM Plastic Material e Herholdt Controls



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Monitoring Layout

- Detailed scientific monitoring to complete replicable system to measure:
 - Outdoor and indoor Temperatures (air and operative)
 - CO2 concentration and Relative Humidity
 - Temperatures, Mass Flow Rates, Energies of all loops of the heating, cooling, ventilation, and solar heating systems.
 - o Climate data
- Output of monitoring under developing
 - the energy uses for heating, cooling, and domestic hot water,
 - the delivered electrical energy for lighting and electrical equipment,
 - the total primary energy demand,
 - the energy production by thermal solar and photovoltaic system
 - Comfort conditions according to EN15251, ISO7730, and new comfort indices
 - Load match index
 - Comparisons with calculated energy needs



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Air quality and Thermal comfort conditions monitoring



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POLITECNICO DI MILANO

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Comfort in the beacon

example of measured values of air Temperatures and Relative Humidity in kitchen/living room (Blue), bedroom (Green), study room (Orange), outdoor (Grey) - hot summer week from 23rd to 30th of June 2014 -

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POLITECNICO DI MILANO

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Positive energy balance in the beacon

daily electrical Demand for all uses (Dotted-line) and daily electricity Production from on roof integrated PV [kWh/day] (Green-bars directly consumed, Blues-bars exported to the grid) - week from 23rd to 30th of June 2014 -

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Main results for Aquitaine



Highlight inspiring local projects

Beacon project within one of the largest urban planning operation in Aquitaine (office buildings, Groupe Pichet)









Passive house adapted to local architecture patterns (individual house in the typical style of the Basque Country, Carbone 64)









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Main results for Aquitaine



Special events for information and debate

- -Promotion of Passive House Days
- -Debate and information sessions
- -Regional Building Forum (february 2015)







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Essential for a good communication between the local stakeholders!



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Main results for Aquitaine



NOBATEK as an interface between the research community, the regional authorities and the building market

- Make the most of the existing skills and competences
- Make all the stakeholders to know each other
- Help them to identify their interest and role
- Constitute complementary teams to develop PH standards in the region









Before PassREg project





- limited knowledge about Passive House concepts in various administrative bodies in the City of Zagreb and residents of the City of Zagreb;
- reduced number of events which can increase knowledge about PH;
- no awareness of importance to raising the number of educated experts;
- no certified PH designers or tradespersons



Zagreb





During PassREg project



1st May 2012 - 30 April 2015







- Constantly increasing knowledge about PH; through events and trainings;
- Completing shining example; dissemination of the shining example (beacon project)
- Promotion campagnes: phamplets, brochures, website, presentations...





After PassREg project



Results:

- 3 Days of Passive Houses organized;
- 3 Info Sessions coordinated;
- 2 Regional Forums organized;
- 36 people attended Training Course; for municipal officials, politicians, designers and craftsmen to provide capacity buildings in the Region
- 1 project is realized and will be certified;
- included large amount of the elementary and secondary schools into a education process of using the energy wisely during the **Zagreb Energy Week**;
- promotion campagnes: phamplets, brochures, website, presentations



More than 1000 people informed.



www.passreg.eu

More than 600 people informed.









- 1. Local Authorities are crucial because of their impact in driving changes- it is important that they are introduced to the Passive House Regions with Renewable Energies;
- 2. Importance of the trained individuals in the process of developing passive houses, also the good local example *(beacon)* which attention is to show benefits of PH;
- 3. The most important element is to increase the number of educated architects, construction managers and tradespeople not only about Passive House principles, yet use of renewable energy and building specifics; as the first step to rise the number of PH







Where did we start?



- ✓ Political will at local level, but lack of knowledge
- ✓ None Passive house on the territory of the municipality
- Low public awareness about the passive buildings
- ✓ Lack of in-depth knowledge within the administration
- ✓ Unawareness of the good practices in other European countries
- ✓ Lack of connection between producers, builders, designers
- ✓ Lack of available sources of information on the topic of passive buildings lack of public campaigns for citizens, including students





What we did?



- Involved educational institutions professional high school in building; school clubs from 3 schools.
- Increased awareness on the local authorities learnt successful models in leading regions;
- With the support of the local authorities, the first passive building in Burgas is not only a dream, on contrary its in a process of preparation of a second similar project;
- In the last 3 years Burgas participated in international days of PH with various public events;
- Organized informational meetings with various stakeholders with a great success.



What we achieved?



- ✓ Active civil society;
- ✓ Positive attitude toward applying the principles of the PH;
- Curiosity and motivation within the grown-ups;
- ✓ Increased interest within the professional community;
- ✓ Media interest.











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Enabling factors





Gabrovo Municipality, Bulgaria

More than 20 years of experience in EE projects

Founders of EcoEnergy Municipal Energy Efficiency Network

Political will and continuity

Ambitious goals and resolution for their achievement

Support for innovative ideas and local capacity building





A look to the future



"Sun" Daycare Centre, Gabrovo, Bulgaria: beacon project on PassREg



solain



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Thank you for your attention!

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